

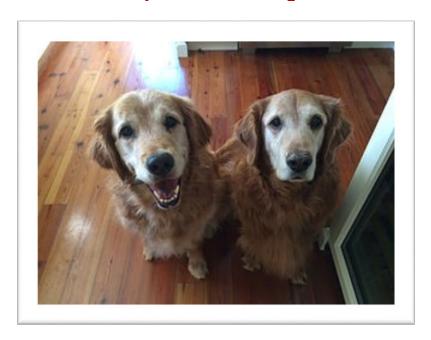
## Cornell University College of Veterinary Medicine

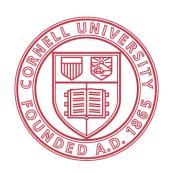
#### No Bones About It: How Dogs Can Help Advance Cancer Research

Greenwich Public Library Meeting Room

101 West Putnam Ave

May 19 at 7:00 pm



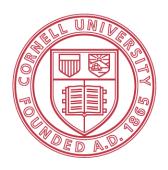


Robert S. Weiss

Department of Biomedical Sciences

College of Veterinary Medicine

Cornell University



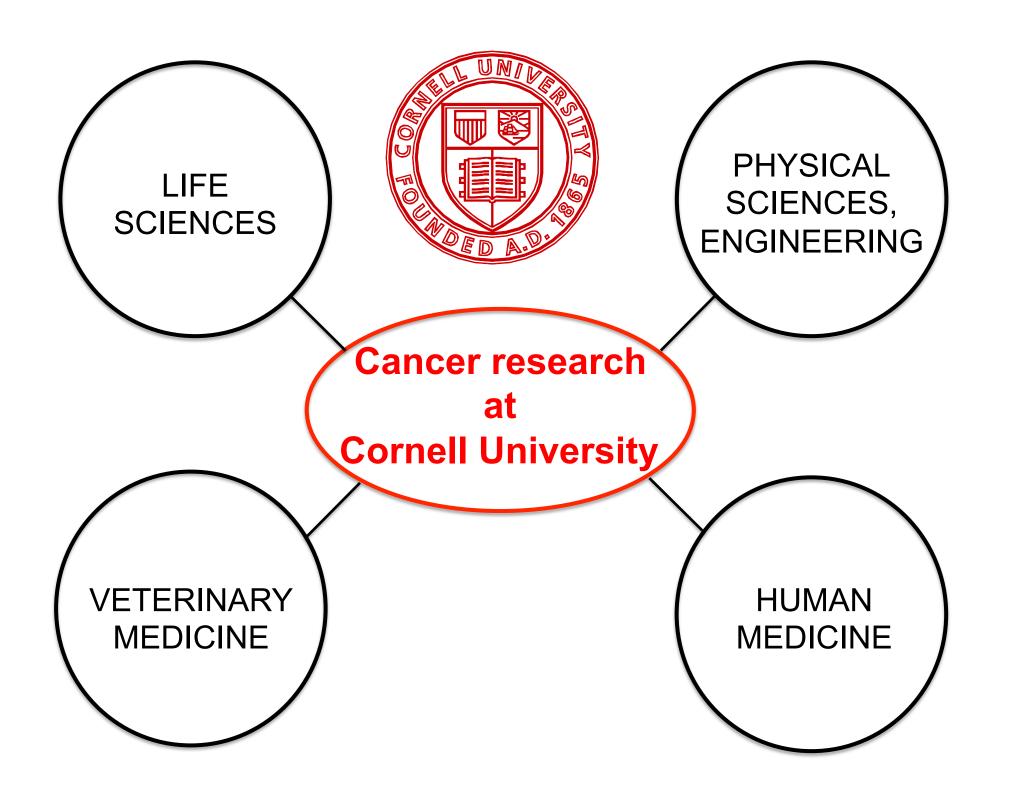
#### Cancer in the headlines...

◆ Estimated cancer deaths in the U.S. in 2016: 314,290 men; 281,400 women



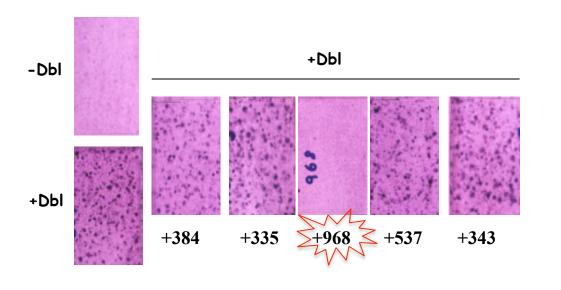
www.acfoundation.org

- ◆ Cornell President Elizabeth Garrett dies of colon cancer at age 52
- Vice-President Joseph Biden calls for 'a moonshot to cure cancer'
- Highly promising research advances
  - Genome Sequencing and Personalized Medicine
  - Targeted therapeutics
  - Immuno-therapies

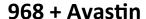


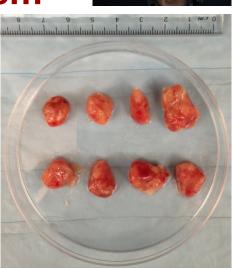


# Professor Rick Cerione An Inhibitor of Cancer Cell Metabolism



Control



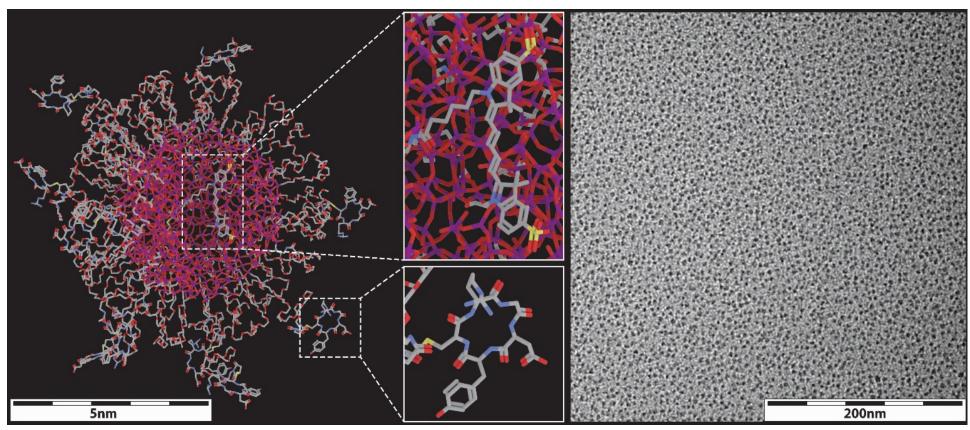








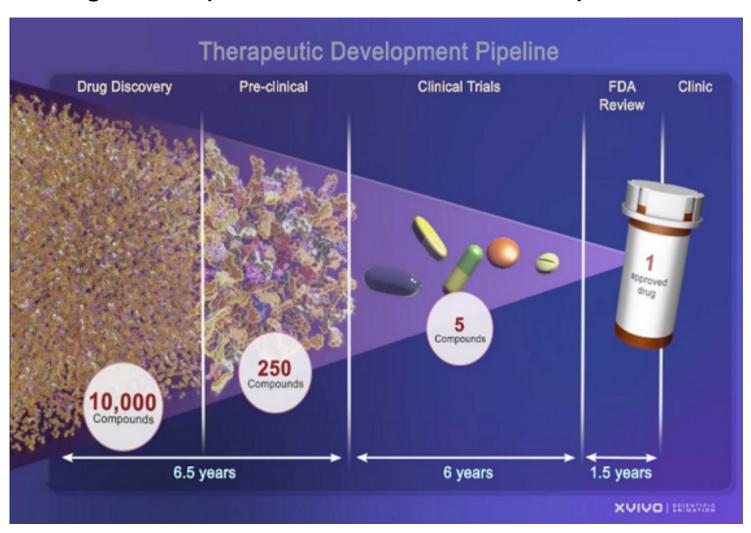
# Professor Uli Wiesner Dual modality Cornell dots (C dots)



highly fluorescent objects of macromolecular size



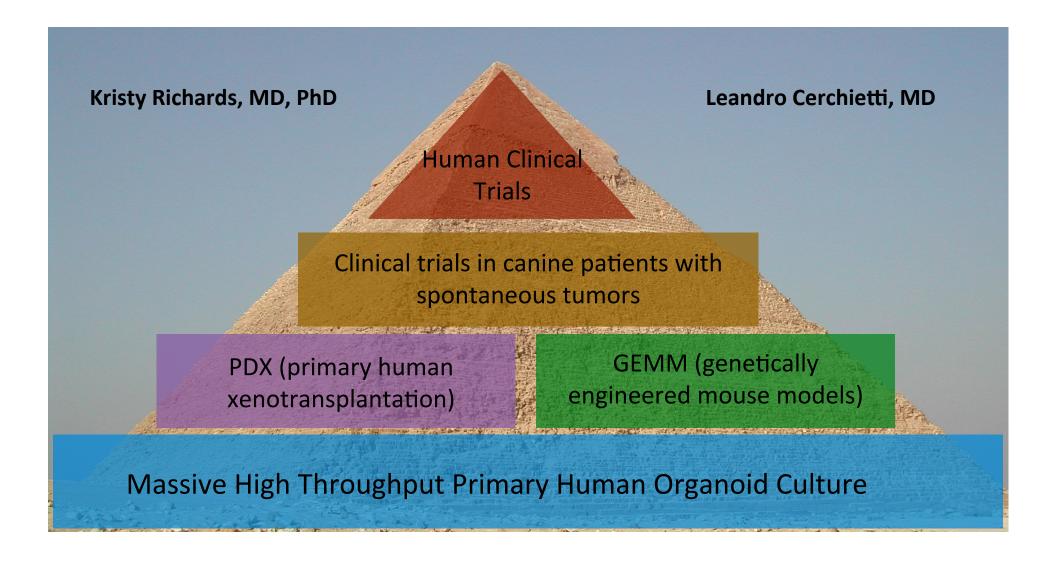
#### Drug development is inefficient and expensive



Average cost to develop a new drug: \$2.6 billion



#### **Progressive Assessment of Therapeutics (PATh)**



#### High Throughput 3D Human Organoid Culture

#### The Challenges:

- Cancer cells often are difficult to culture.
- Traditional culture methods involve artificial conditions that alter the properties of the cancer cells.

#### The Solution:

Engineered 3D organoids that mimic the natural environment of the cancer.

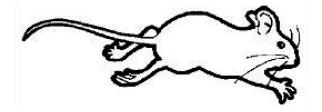
- Amenable to large-scale drug screening
- Potential for individualized patient regimens based on their organoid readouts

3D Organoids-onchip for leukemia



#### **Advantages of Modeling Cancer in the Mouse**

- Mouse biology is well characterized
- Genetic tools are well established
- Mice breed rapidly and are relatively short-lived
- Genetic similarity between mice and humans is high
- Mouse and human cancers arise through common molecular mechanisms and share similar histopathological features





#### **Genetically Engineered Mouse Models**

Genome editing



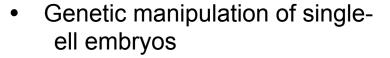




Precise genetic modifications

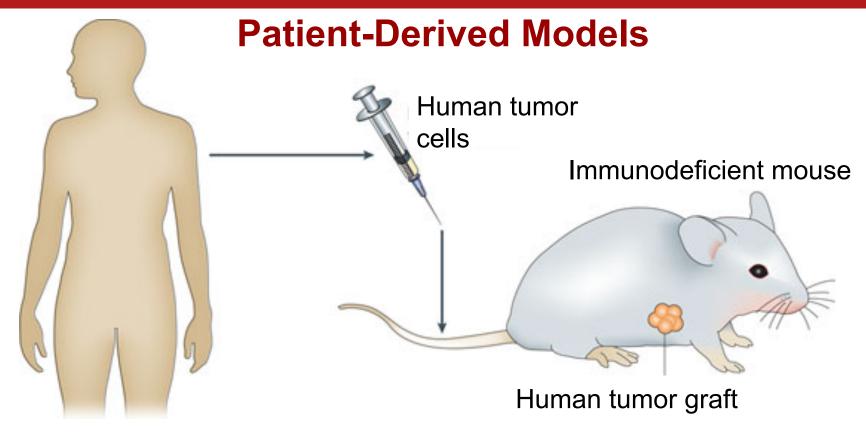
Easy to perform

Cost-effective



 Rapid production of mice with exactly the same mutations as are found in human cancers

John Schimenti, PhD



- Engraftment of primary tumor tissues into immunodeficient mice
- Retention of genetic and phenotypic characteristics of the malignancy
- Rapid creation of large cohorts for monitoring the effectiveness of therapeutics

#### **Pets as Animal Models**









#### Why Study Lymphoma in a Veterinary Clinic?



- One of the most common cancers in dogs
- Similarities to humans that cannot be reproduced in mice
- High-risk breeds with lymphoma predisposition genes
- A win-win situation for veterinary and human medicine

#### Clinical Trials in Dogs and Humans

- Cooperative Groups Trials
  - Humans Alliance
  - Dogs Comparative Oncology Trials Consortium
- Dogs Augment Human Studies
  - More patients
  - Not constrained by typical Phase I/II/III design
  - Rapid disease progression yields answers quickly
  - Addresses major needs of veterinary patients

#### A different paradigm

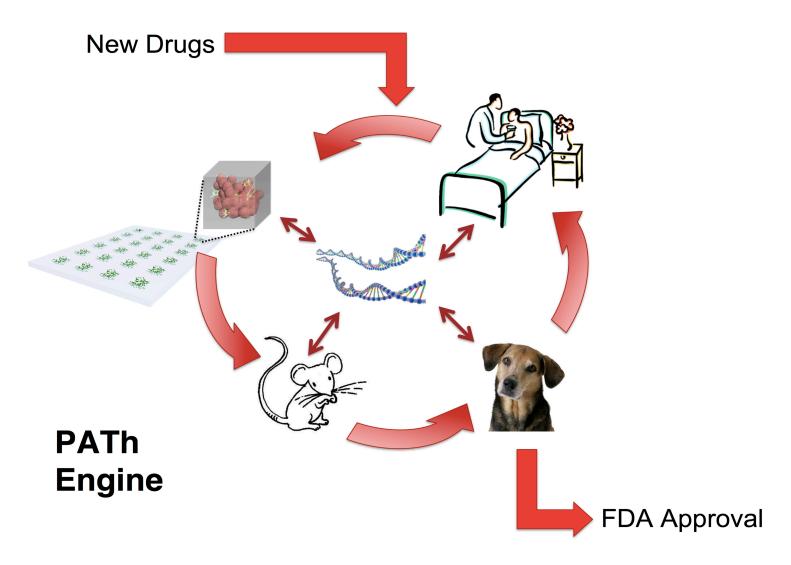
The way things have historically been done:



#### A better strategy:



#### **Progressive Assessment of Therapeutics (PATh)**



# Partnership with the Cancer Resource Center of the Finger Lakes

- Monthly educational workshops on cancer
- ◆ Participation of trainees in support group meetings



**Cancer Resource Center of the Finger Lakes** 

**Collaborates with Cornell University** 

By: LYNDSAY ISAKSEN | October 2, 2014



## Cornell University Town-Gown (TOGO) Award



December 2013

## **Engaged Cornell**

Engaged Cornell is a major initiative to advance the university's mission through community-engaged learning and discovery.



#### Community Engagement by Cancer Scientists

#### **Objectives**

- Provide trainees skills in science communication and expose them to the patient perspective on issues in cancer biology
- Provide community members information about cancer and Cornell research, as well as a forum to engage with cancer scientists

#### **Our Engaged Cornell Team**

- Bruce Lewenstein & Lauren Chambliss, Department of Communication
- Kristy Richards & Bob Weiss, Department of Biomedical Sciences
- Graduate Students Peter DelNero and Alex McGregor
- Bob Riter, Cancer Resource Center of the Finger Lakes



# A New Curriculum in Community Engagement and Public Communication by Cancer Scientists

#### **COMM 5660: Science Communication Workshop**

An introduction to effective communication of science and technology to nonscientists

#### **COMM 5665: Science Communication Practicum**

Hands-on training in scientific information communication to public audiences, including writing and oral presentation.

# BIOMS 5660: Social Issues in Community Engagement by Cancer Scientists

Workshop on social issues of relevance to cancer patients: the economics of healthcare; health disparities; community-based cancer advocacy; and patient rights and privacy.

# BIOMS 5665: Community-based Cancer Research Presentations & Discussions

Weekly series with student presentations on research topics as well as outside speakers from various cancer-related areas

Students who complete all 4 courses receive a Cornell Graduate Certificate of Engagement in Public Communication of Science & Technology

More information available at:

http://cancer.cornell.edu/education.html



# **Engaged Cornell Workshop Social Issues in Community Engagement by Cancer Scientists**

Sean Nicholson: Economics of cancer drugs and care

Beverly Canin: Community-based cancer advocacy

Kristy Richards: Clinical trials, patients as research subjects

Valerie Reyna: Medical Decision Making

Phillip Owh: Intellectual property and patents

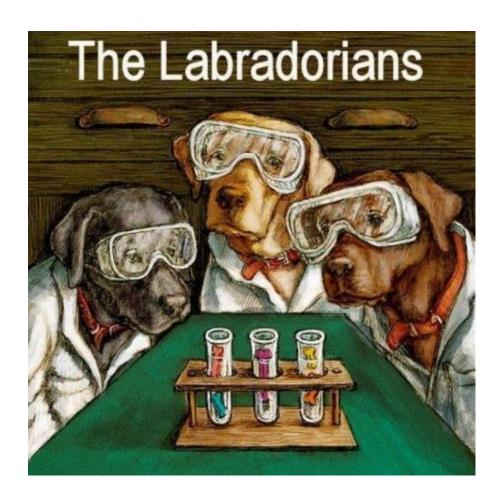
Student interviews of community members

Panel Discussion with cancer patients and survivors



## **Comparative Oncology Today**

- Pet dogs are a means of discovering important and relevant information about human malignancies at the same time as we learn about canine malignancies
- With genomic tools in hand, the dog becomes an even more accessible model: "comparative oncogenomics"
- Pet dogs should be incorporated into clinical trials, to the benefit of both humans and dogs





## Cornell University College of Veterinary Medicine